

Level : Master I Private Law

Consider the following paragraphs !

In a developed state the sphere in which the law operates proves to be quite extensive. It embraces all the spheres of production, distribution and exchange.

Law fixes the forms of administration and the constitutional system, and determines the legal status of citizens and activity of the state mechanism (state law, administrative law).

It fixes the existing property relations and operates as a regulator of the measure and forms of distribution of labour and its products among the members of society (civil law, labour law).

Rubric 1: Criminal Law

- ❑ Criminal law is part of the general legal system, which is the set of legal rules prevailing in the state which varies according to the topics organized by it.
- ❑ Criminal law seeks to establish rules of conduct that achieve security in society by establishing criminal rules that prohibit patterns of behavior that would threaten society.
 - Misdemeanor
 - Crime
 - Felony
 - Contravention
 - Infringement



Concepts

Crime	Definition	Criminal	Verb
1. Murder	a. Killing someone	Murderer	Murder
2. Shoplifting	b. Stealing something from the	Shoplifter	Shoplift
3. Burglary	shop.	Burglar	Burgle
4. Smuggling	c. Stealing something from	Smuggler	Smuggle
5. Kidnapping	one's home.	Kidnapper	Kidnap
	d. Taking something illegally into another country.		
	e. Taking a person hostage in exchange for money or other favours.		

☐ Identification of words in bold

Bill **committed** a crime when he **robbed** a bank. Someone **witnessed** the crime and told the police. The police **charged** him with bank **robbery**. They also **accused** his twin brother, ben, of being his **accomplice**.

- To steal: (the thing that is taken away)
- Eg: They **stole** my bike.
- To rob: (is the person or place from which things are stolen).
- Eg: I **was robbed** last night.
- Eg 2: A masked man **robbed** the bank.

To Steal= stole (past simple)= stolen (past participle)

1. Charge	☐ To formally accuse someone of committing a crime.
2. Guilty	☐ A court's verdict that the person charged with a crime committed it.
3. Jury	☐ A group of people who review all the evidence in a court case and then come to a verdict.
4. Sentence	☐ The penalty the court imposes on someone found guilty of an offence.
5. Verdict	☐ The jury's decision at the end of a case.

Grammar to be revised: Passive Voice

- 1. The Government sponsors most public bills
- Most public bills **are sponsored by the government.**
- 2. The Prime Minister appoints members of the government.
- Members of the government **are appointed by the prime minister.**
- 3. The Sovereign asks the majority parties to form a government.
- The majority parties **are asked by the sovereign to form a government.**